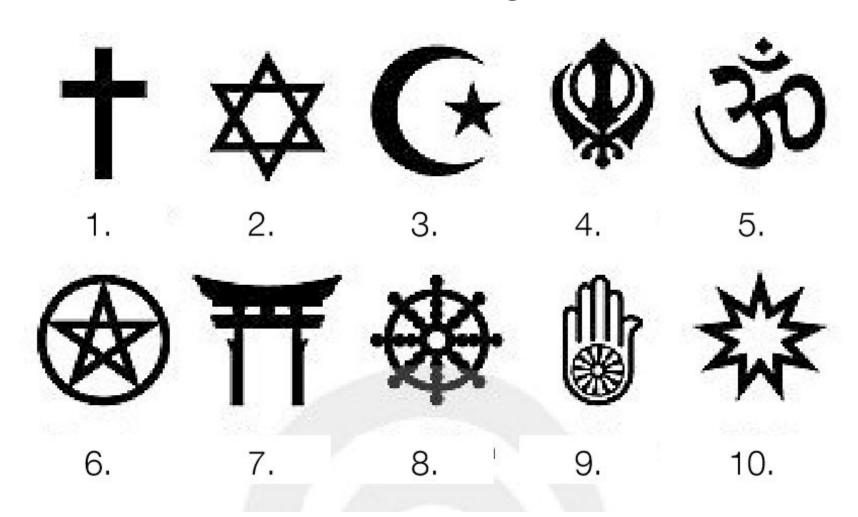
As I Enter... 4.24.17 Name the Religion!



Christianity Judaism. Islam Sikhism Hinduism

Shinto

Buddhism

Jainism

Bahai

Paganism

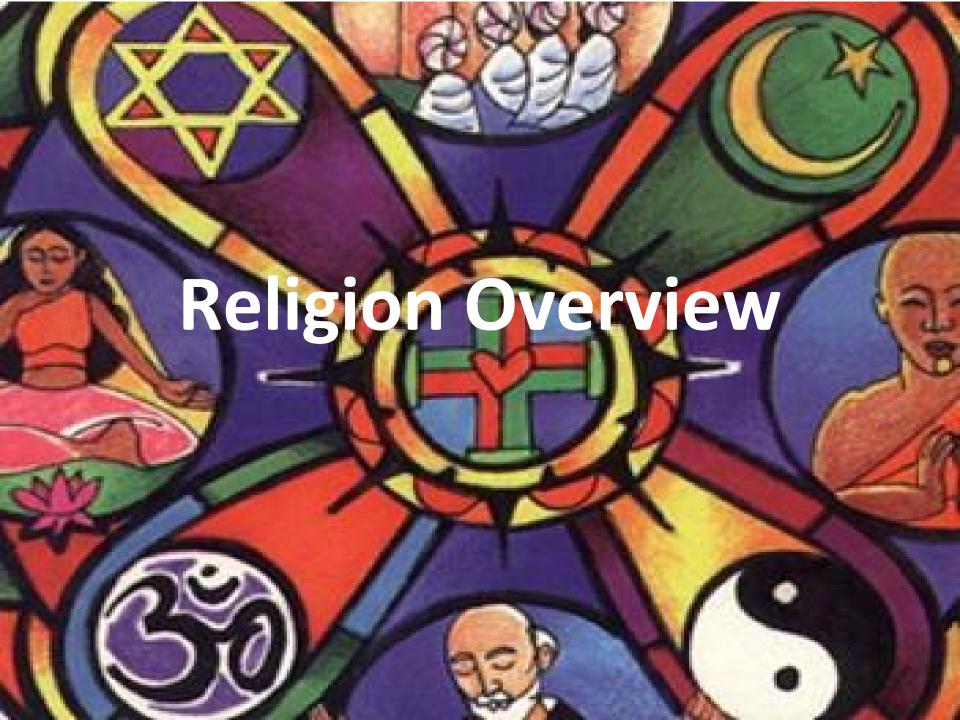
AS I ENTER... 4.24.17

Agenda

- Vocab Quiz/KIS Quiz- 10 minutes EACH. no more than 20 TOTAL.
- Religion Overview notes
- Christianity Notes

Objectives

- To distinguish between a Universalizing and Ethnic Religions
- To identify and give examples for the different classifications regarding religion
- To understand the basic concepts, rituals, and rites of the Christian religion



Religion is...

"a system of beliefs and practices that attempts to order life in terms of culturally perceived ultimate priorities."

- Stoddard and Prorak

"perceived ultimate priorities" often translate into a list of things a follower "should" do and ways a follower "should" behave.

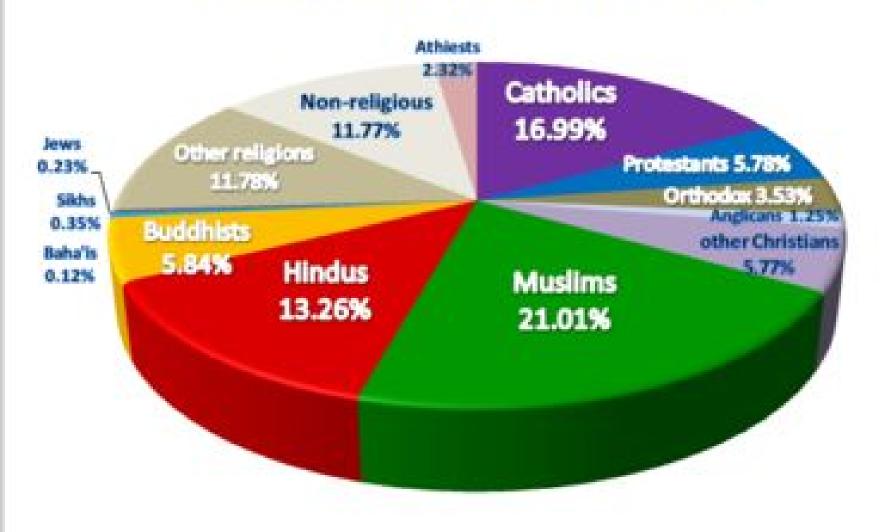
The Paradox of Religion

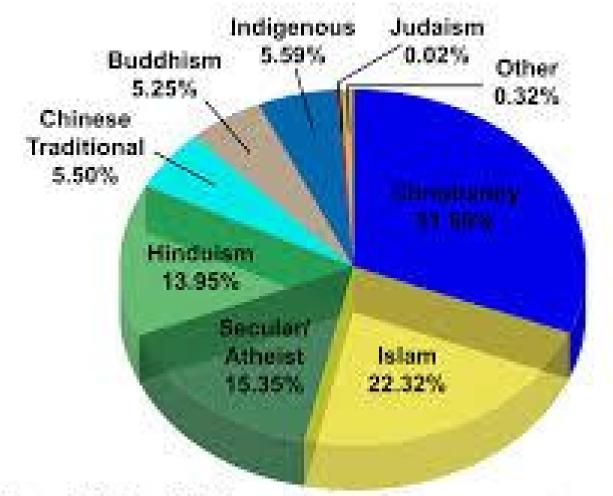
 Major world religions all hold peace as the highest value

Loving the enemy is common to all religions

 Geographers are concerned with the distribution of religion and the potential for conflict.

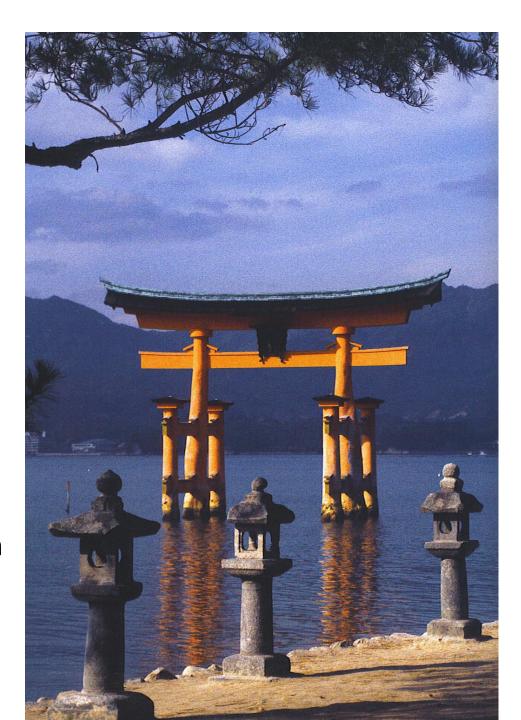
World Religions by percentage (2007 est.)





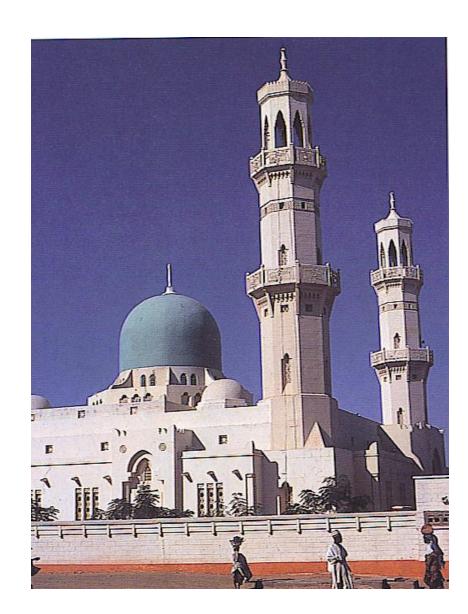
World Religions By Percentage 2012

- Religion in many non-western areas make up the culture.
 - Religious cultural landscapes-churches, temples, mosques, shrines, cemeteries, statues, veils, turbans, beards and scarves
 - In LDCs Religion is a centripetal force
 - guides routine
 - Think about this...religion can be changed...



Key Characteristics of Religion

- Set of doctrines or beliefs relating to a god or gods.
- Structure or hierarchy of officials
- Rituals for:
 - Birth
 - Death
 - Reaching adulthood
 - Marriage
 - Prayer
 - Routine services on a Friday,
 Saturday, or Sunday



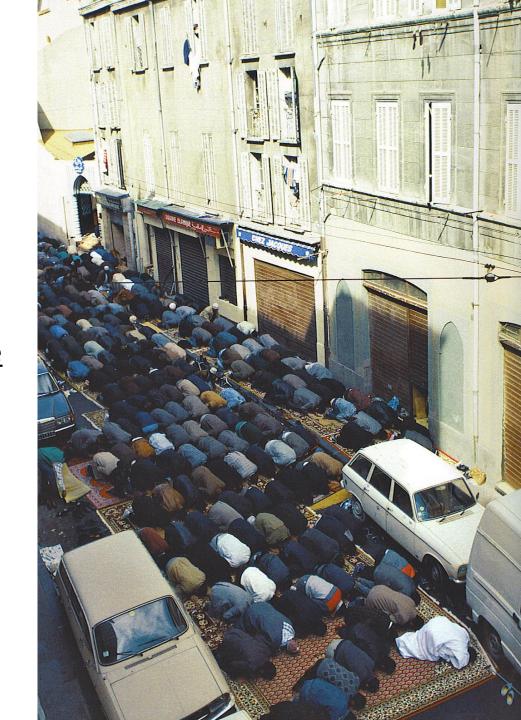
 Impact of religion-calendars, holidays, architecture, place names, slogans on coins or flags.

Positive impact

- Education
- Medicine and health care
- The arts

Negative impact

- Blocked scientific study
- Oppression
- Supported imperialism
- Kept women inferior









Classifications of Religions

Universalizing religions

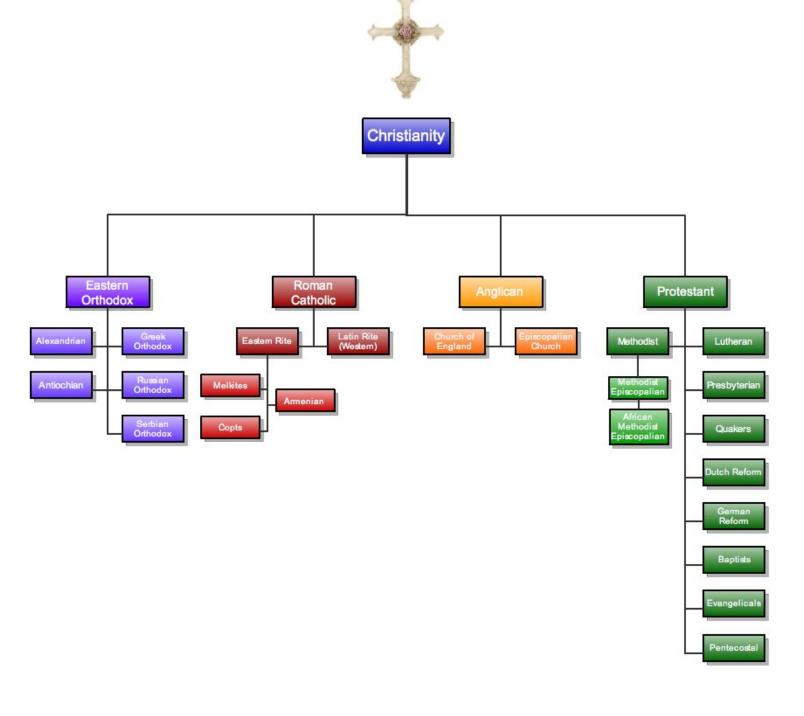
- religions that actively seek converts because members believe they offer belief systems of universal appropriateness and appeal.
 - Christianity, Islam, Buddhism
 - Religions on a global scale

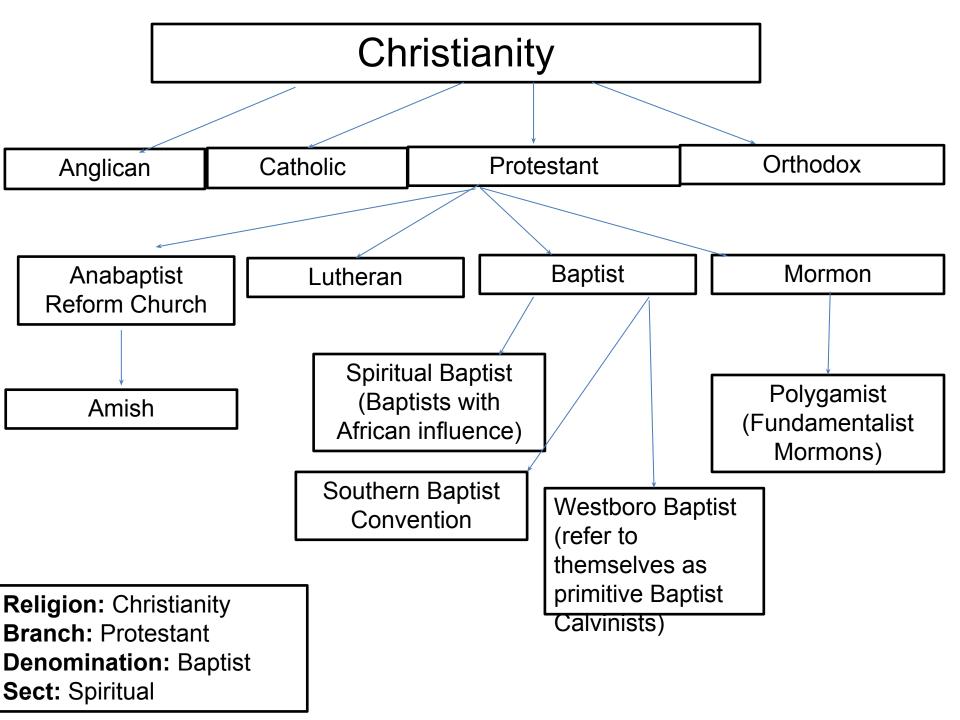
Ethnic religions

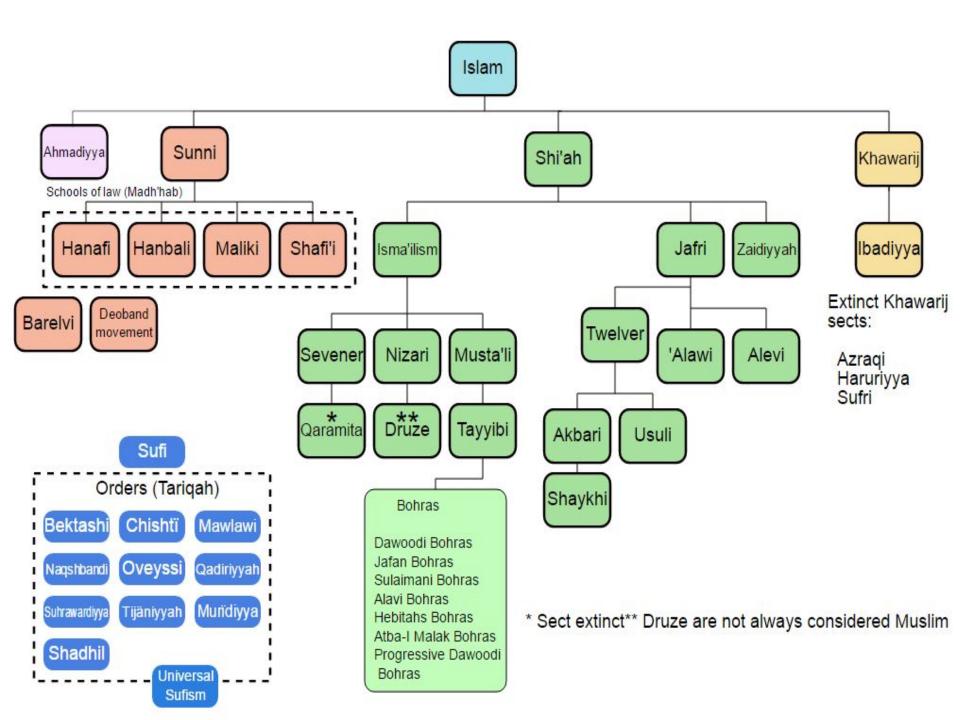
- religions whose adherents are born into the faith and whose members do not actively seek converts.
 - Hinduism, Judaism,
 - Religions on a local scale

Universalizing Religions

- 3 Main Universalizing Religions
 - Christianity, Islam, Buddhism
- Branch:
 - A large and fundamental division within a religion.
- Denomination:
 - A division within a branch of a religion.
- Sect:
 - A relatively small denominational group that has broken away from an established church.







Ethnic Religions

- 1 main (6 other)
 - Hinduism 900 million (we will cover this one extensively)
 - Chinese Traditional (Folk- Taoism, Confucianism)
 - Asian and African Primal indigenous (Shamanism)
 - Juchte Ask me about this one!
 - Spiritism
 - Judaism (we will go through this one individually)

Western Hemisphere

- 90% of West is Christian
- 5% other, 5% nonreligious
- Latin America 93% Catholic, N. America 29%
- Among Protestants in the US, Baptists the largest, then Methodists, Pentecostal and Lutheran
- Catholics in US concentrated in NE and SW

Wrap up...

 What is the difference between a <u>universalizing religion</u> and an <u>ethnic religion</u>?

On to our first religion- Christianity